

Area of Learning	Autumn 1 It's Good to be me!	Autumn 2 Let's Celebrate!	Spring 1 It's getting cold!	Spring 2 Going Green!	Summer 1 Marvellous Minibeast	Summer 2 Off Exploring
Possible Themes/Interests/Lines of Enquiry	Chatterbox challenge Teddy Bears Pete the Cat Autumn Family Heath Walk	Autumn The Gruffalo Halloween Diwali Bonfire Night Fire Service visit Christmas/Father Christmas story Christmas around the world Heath Walk Post Office walk	Winter Arctic Lost and Found PolarBears/Penguins Chinese New Year Heath Walk Library Trip	Pancake Day Easter Growing up – babies - generations Planting/Gardening/Spring, weather Recycling Heath Walk The HAVEN	Life cycles – Frog/butterfly/plant/sunflowers minibeasts Local Area – Local park visit Heath Walk Be Healthy week!	Hot places Mermaids, pirates Farm Visit Heath Walk
Communication and Language	Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Engage in story times, rhymes, and songs. Maintain attention in whole class/groups. Follow 1 step instructions. Understand 'why' questions. Use sentences 4-6 words. Use talk to organise play. Use sentences joined up with words like 'because' and 'or'.	Engage in story times. Maintain attention in new situations. Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Follow instructions with 2 parts in a familiar situation. Start a conversation with peers and familiar adults. Develop social phrases	Listen attentively in a range of situations. Maintain attention during appropriate activity. Engage in non-fiction books. Consider the listener and take turns. Begin to use past tense. Begin to recount past events.	Understand why listening is important. Maintain attention in different contexts. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities explain how things work and why they might happen. Ask questions to find out more and check understanding. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary Begin to connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives.	Listen and understand instructions while busy with another task. Maintain activity while listening. Understand how, why, where questions. Describe events in some detail. Express ideas about feelings and experiences. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Use language to reason.	Listen and respond with relevant questions, comments, or actions. Attend to others in play. Make comments and clarify thinking with questions. Retell the story once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Speak in well-formed sentences with some detail. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Use past, present, and future tenses in conversation with peers and adults. Use conjunctions to extend and articulate their ideas.
			Listen carefully to rhymes and song Learn rhymes,	e new vocabulary. gs, paying attention to how they sou poems, and songs. o build familiarity and understanding		
Personal, Social and Emotional Development Self-regulation	Can talk about feelings. Welcome distractions when upset. Increasingly follow rules. Know likes and dislikes. Independently organise belongings in the morning. Manage personal hygiene. Build constructive and respectful relationships. JIGSAW: BEING ME IN MY WORLD	Beginning to express their feelings and consider the perspectives of others. Begin to take turns and share resources. Independently choose where they would like to play. Continue to build constructive and respectful relationships. JIGSAW: CELEBRATING DIFFERENCE (INCLUDING BULLYING)	Show pride in achievements. Understand behavioural expectations of the setting. Can explain right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own needs. Can identify kindness. Seek others to share activities and experiences. JIGSAW: DREAMS AND GOALS	Can make choices and communicate what they need. Begin to show persistence when faced with challenges. Can keep play going by cooperating, listening, speaking, and explaining. Can reflect on the work of others and self-evaluate their own work. Beginning to know that children think and respond in different ways to them.	Think about the perspectives of others. Can talk about their own abilities positively. Confident to try new activities Show resilience and perseverance. Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: regular physical activity, healthy eating, toothbrushing, sensible amounts of 'screen time', having a good sleep routine, being a safe pedestrian.	Able to identify and moderate own feelings socially and emotionally. See themselves as a unique and valued individual. Can seek out a challenge and enjoy the process. Show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings. JIGSAW: CHANGING ME
				JIGSAW: HEALTHY ME	JIGSAW: RELATIONSHIPS	

					an.		
Theme: Special People Key Question: What makes people special? Religions: Christianity, Judaism	Theme: Christmas Key Question: What is Christmas? Religion: Christianity Christian concept: Incarnation	Theme: Celebrations Key Question: How do people celebrate? Religions: Hinduism	Theme: Easter Key Question: What is Easter? Religion: Christianity Christian concept: Salvation	Theme: Story Time Key Question: What can we learn from stories? Religions: Christianity, Islam, Hinduism, Sikhism	Theme: Special Places Key Question: What makes places special? Religions: Christianity, Islam, Judaism		
Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing, mealtimes, personal hygiene PE: Dance	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing. PE: Dance	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing. Confidently and safely use a of large and small apparatus range indoors and outside, alone and in a group. PE: Gymnastics	Confidently and safely use a of large and small apparatus range indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Progress to a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. PE: Gymnastics	Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient. Develop confidence, competence, precision, and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball. PE: Games	Combine different movements with ease and fluency Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. PE: Games / sports day		
Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance, and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport, and swimming. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely, and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks, and spoon. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination, and agility.							
Comprehension: Listen and enjoy sharing a range of books. Hold a book correctly, handle with care. Know that a book has a beginning and an end and can hold the book the right way up and turn some pages appropriately. Know that text in English is read top to bottom and left to right. Know the difference between text and illustrations. Recognise some familiar words in print, e.g., own name or advertising logos. Enjoy joining in with rhyme, songs and poems. Explain in simple terms what is happening in a picture in a familiar story. Complete a repeated refrain in a	Comprehension: Experience and respond to different types of books, e.g., story books, factual/real-world books, rhyming and non-rhyming stories, realistic and fantasy stories. Respond to 'who', 'where' 'what' and 'when' questions linked to text and illustrations. Make simple inferences to answer yes/no questions about characters' emotions in a familiar picture book read aloud to them, with prompts. Sequence two events from a familiar story, using puppets, pictures from book or role-play.	Comprehension: Use picture clues to help read a simple text. Make a simple prediction based on the pictures or text of a straightforward story that is read aloud to them. Show understanding of some words and phrases in a story that is read aloud to them. Express a preference for a book, song or rhyme, from a limited selection. Play is influenced by experience of books (small world, role play).	Comprehension: Retell stories in the correct sequence, draw on language patterns of stories. With prompting, show understanding of many common words and phrases in a story that is read aloud to them. Suggest how an unfamiliar story read aloud to them might end. Give a simple opinion on a book they have read, when prompted. Recognise repetition of words or phrases in a short passage of text. Play influenced by experience of books Innovate a well-known story with support.	Comprehension: Correctly sequence a story or event using pictures and/or captions. Make simple, plausible suggestions about what will happen next in a book they are reading. Know the difference between different types of texts (fiction, nonfiction, poetry) Make inferences to answer a question beginning 'Why do you think?' in a picture book that has been read to them, where answer is clearly signposted. Play influenced by experience of books - gestures and actions used to act out a story, event or rhyme from text or illustrations.	Comprehension: Play influenced by experience of books - act out stories through role play activities, using simple props (e.g. hats, masks, clothes, etc.) and appropriate vocabulary. Innovate a known story. Recall the main points in text in the correct sequence, using own words and include new vocabulary. When prompted, say whether they liked or disliked a book, and give a simple justification or make a relevant comment. With prompting, sometimes show understanding of some less familiar words and phrases in a story that is read aloud to them.		
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The Ginger Bread Man

Mr Wolf Pancakes

Whatever Next

Supertato

Somebody Swallowed Stanley

The three little pigs

Oliver's Vegetables

The very Hungry Caterpillar

Where the wild things are

How many Legs?

Old Mikambia had a Farm

The Colour Monster

Pete the Cat

Shark in the Park

The Gruffalo

Little Red Riding Hood

Stick Man

Literacy	Word Reading: Hear general sound discrimination and be able to orally blend and segment.	- Have i	it a strong response such as curios Have a strong narrative that will Extend cl llustrations which are engaging and Help children c	roughout the year that: sity, anger, excitement, laughter, en sustain multiple readings – talk for hildren's vocabulary d reflect children from all backgrous connect with who they are. se experiences and perspectives m Word Reading: Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter–sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.	writing. nds and cultures.	Word Reading: Read some tricky words from Phase 4 e.g. said, like, have, so. Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.
		Re-read books to bu		\mid ding, their fluency and their unders	tanding and enjoyment.	
Phonics	Phase 1/2 Hear general sound discrimination, identify rhythm, rhyme, alliteration and be able to orally blend and segment simple words. 1:1 phonics assessments for all pupils. Teach Phase 2- (Start 2 nd week, 1 sound per day: whole class) s, a, t, p, (s, a, t, p- revision) i, n, m, d, language session- captions g, o, c, k, language session- 'and' and 'to' ck, e, u, r, language session- the, no, go. h, b, ff, ll, ss, language session- l, into, her.	Phase 2 Know grapheme phoneme correspondence of 19 letters. Blend with known letters for reading VC and CVC words. Orally segment for VC and CVC words for spelling Know high-frequency common words (the, to, no, go). Start ability groups/Give out individual reading books accordingly	Phase 2/3 Know all phase 2 sounds. Know tricky words - the, to, and, no, go, I Blend and segment known sounds for reading and spelling VC, CVC, CVCC 1:1 phonics assessments/ interventions Teach phase 3 - J, v, w, x, language session- me, be y, zz, qu, language session- he, my, by, she ch, sh, th, ng, language session- they ai, ee, igh, oa, oo, language session- we, are ar, or, ur, ow, oi, language session- you ear, air, ure, ur, language session- all, was, give, live	with their phonic knowledge. Phase 3 Write graphemes and digraphs when they hear them, using a sound mat or sound wall for support if needed. Reassess retention of sounds and regroup where needed. Consolidation of Phase 3 sounds. Start Phase 4 to those children who are ready	Phase 3/4 Consolidate phase 3 skills. Continue to apply knowledge of blending and segmenting to reading and spelling simple two-syllable words and captions. Write more graphemes from memory and write a simple sentence using phonic knowledge. - 1:1 phonics assessments/interventions - Teach Phase 4 Adjacent cvcc words, language session- said, have, like, so, do - Adjacent ccvc words, language session- some, come, were, there, little Adjacent ccvcc/cccvc/cccvcc words- one, when, out, whatAssessment games on Bug club	Phase 3/4 Consolidate phase 2 and 3 skills. Read CVCC words Know adjacent consonants – sk, cr, sl, tr, dr, scr, st, spr, pl, sw, fr, sn, sm, vr Read tricky words do, when, out what, said, have, like, so. Represent each of 42 phonemes by a grapheme and blend phonemes to read CVC words and segment CVC words for spelling. Write longer sentences using phonic knowledge, write digraphs and trigraphs. 1:1 Phonics assessments and regrouping/interventions for specific pupils.
Literacy	Emergent writing: Develop listening and speaking skills in a range of contexts. Aware that writing communicates meaning. Give meaning to marks they make. Understand that thoughts can be written down. Write their name copying it from a name card or try to write it from memory. Composition: Use talk to organise describe events and	Emergent writing: Copies adult writing behaviour e.g. writing on a whiteboard, writing messages. Makes make marks and drawings using increasing control. Know there is a sound/symbol relationship. Use some recognisable letters and own symbols. Write letters and strings, sometimes in clusters like words. Composition: Use talk to link ideas, clarify thinking and feelings.	Emergent writing: Use appropriate letters for initial sounds.	Emergent writing: Build words using letter sounds in writing. Composition: Orally compose a sentence and hold it in memory	Emergent writing: Continue to build on knowledge of letter sounds to build words in writing. Use writing in play. Use familiar words in their writing. Composition: Write a simple sentence with a full stop.	Emergent writing: Show awareness of the different audience for writing. Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop. Composition: Write a simple

	Spelling: Orally segment sounds in simple words. Write their name copying it from a name card or try to write it from memory. Handwriting: Know that print carries meaning and in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom. Draws lines and circles.	Understands that thoughts and stories can be written down. Spelling: Orally spell VC and CVC words by identifying the sounds. Write own name. Handwriting: Form letters from their name correctly. Recognise that after a word there is a space.	Composition: Orally compose a sentence and hold it in memory before attempting to write it. Spelling: Spell to write VC and CVC words independently using Phase 2 graphemes. Handwriting: Shows a dominant hand. Write from left to right and top to bottom. Begin to form recognisable letters.	before attempting to write it and use simple conjunctions. Spelling: Spell to write VC, CVC and CVCC words independently using Phase 2 and phase 3 graphemes. Spell some irregular common (tricky) words e.g. the, to, no, go independently. Handwriting: Holds a pencil effectively to form recognisable letters.	Spelling: Spell words by drawing on knowledge of known grapheme correspondences. Make phonetically plausible attempts when writing more complex unknown words. Handwriting: Form most lowercase letters correctly, starting and finishing in the right place, going the right way round and correctly orientated. Include spaces between words.	known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop. Write different text forms for different purposes (e.g. lists, stories, instructions. Begin to discuss features of their own writing e.g. what kind of story have they written. Spelling: Spell words by drawing on knowledge of known grapheme correspondences. Make phonetically plausible attempts when writing more complex unknown words e.g. using Phase 4 CCVCC Spell irregular common (tricky) words e.g., he, she, we, be, me independently. Handwriting: Use a pencil confidently to write letters that can be clearly recognised and form some capital letters correctly.
Helicopter Story Writing Development	Adults scribing and writing down word for word, child decides part he/she would like to play and then on a simple stage to act out the story.	Adults are dictated to by the child, the adult says each word as it is written, pointing out gaps and punctuation. Re-reading and scanning and checking writing. Child begins to write the initial sound of a word and the adult continues to write the other parts of the story.	Child knows groups of letters make up a word and a group of words make sentences. Child continues to write the initial sound of a word which may develop to a VC and a CVC words and the adult continues to write the other parts of the story.	More phonetically correct words are written by child along with common words, e.g. 'the' and known tricky words. Can use a phonic mat or work bank to support. Adult writes any unknown words.	Child takes the pen more and more, until eventually they are writing complete phrases. May still need a phonics mat to support.	Child confident to write a simple short story, using a sound mat to support.
Mathematics	Subitising: • perceptually subitise within 3 • identify sub-groups in larger arrangements • create their own patterns for numbers within 4 • practise using their fingers to represent quantities which they can subitise • experience subitising in a range of contexts, including temporal patterns made by sounds. Cardinality, ordinality and counting: • relate the counting sequence to cardinality, seeing that the last number spoken gives the number in the entire set	 Subitising: continue from first half-term subitise within 5, perceptually and conceptually, depending on the arrangements. Cardinality, ordinality and counting: continue to develop their counting skills explore the cardinality of 5, linking this to dice patterns and 5 fingers on 1 hand begin to count beyond 5 begin to recognise numerals, relating these to quantities they can subitise and count. Composition: explore the concept of 'wholes' and 'parts' by looking at a range of objects that are composed of parts, some of 	Subitising: increase confidence in subitising by continuing to explore patterns within 5, including structured and random arrangements explore a range of patterns made by some numbers greater than 5, including structured patterns in which 5 is a clear part experience patterns which show a small group and '1 more' continue to match arrangements to finger patterns. Cardinality, ordinality and counting: continue to develop verbal counting to 20 and beyond continue to develop object counting skills, using a range	Subitising: explore symmetrical patterns, in which each side is a familiar pattern, linking this to 'doubles'. Cardinality, ordinality and counting: continue to consolidate their understanding of cardinality, working with larger numbers within 10 become more familiar with the counting pattern beyond 20. Composition: explore the composition of odd and even numbers, looking at the 'shape' of these numbers to doubles	 Subitising: continue to practise increasingly familiar subitising arrangements, including those which expose '1 more' or 'doubles' patterns use subitising skills to enable them to identify when patterns show the same number but in a different arrangement, or when patterns are similar but have a different number subitise structured and unstructured patterns, including those which show numbers within 10, in relation to 5 and 10 be encouraged to identify when it is appropriate to count and when groups can be subitised. Cardinality, ordinality and counting: 	In this half-term, the children will consolidate their understanding of concepts previously taught through working in a variety of contexts and with different numbers. Measure, space and spatial thinking: Spatial reasoning

•	have a wide range of
	opportunities to develop
	their knowledge of the
	counting sequence,
	including through rhyme
	and song

- have a wide range of opportunities to develop 1:1 correspondence, including by coordinating movement and counting
- have opportunities to develop an understanding that anything can be counted, including actions and sounds
- explore a range of strategies which support accurate counting.

Composition:

- see that all numbers can be made of 1s
- compose their own collections within 4.

Comparison:

- understand that sets can be compared according to a range of attributes, including by their numerosity
- use the language of comparison, including 'more than' and 'fewer than'
- compare sets 'just by looking'.

Measure, space and spatial thinking:

Comparing size, mass & capacity Exploring pattern

which can be taken apart and some of which cannot

• explore the composition of numbers within 5.

Comparison:

- compare sets using a variety of strategies, including 'just by looking', by subitising and by matching
- compare sets by matching, seeing that when every object in a set can be matched to one in the other set, they contain the same number and are equal amounts.

Measure, space and spatial thinking:

Circles and triangles Positional language Shapes with 4 sides. Time

- of strategies to develop accuracy
- continue to link counting to cardinality, including using their fingers to represent quantities between 5 and 10
- order numbers, linking cardinal and ordinal representations of number.

Composition:

- continue to explore the composition of 5 and practise recalling 'missing' or 'hidden' parts for 5
- explore the composition of 6, linking this to familiar patterns, including symmetrical patterns
- begin to see that numbers within 10 can be composed of '5 and a bit'.

Comparison:

- continue to compare sets using the language of comparison, and play games which involve comparing sets
- continue to compare sets by matching, identifying when sets are equal
- explore ways of making unequal sets equal.

Measure, space and spatial thinking:

Comparing Mass Comparing Capacity Length, height. Time begin to explore the composition of numbers within 10.

Comparison:

 compare numbers, reasoning about which is more, using both an understanding of the 'howmanyness' of a number, and its position in the number system.

Measure, space and spatial thinking:: 3D shapes Pattern.

- continue to develop verbal counting to 20 and beyond, including counting from different starting numbers
- continue to develop confidence and accuracy in both verbal and object counting.

Composition:

explore the composition of 10.

Comparison:

order sets of objects, linking this to their understanding of the ordinal number system.

Measure, space and spatial thinking::

Spatial reasoning

Understanding the World



Talk about members of their immediate family and the relationship to them.

Name and describe people who are familiar to them.

Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.

Understand that some places are special to members of their community.

Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries.

Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.

Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries.

Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live.

Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.

Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal.

Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.

Understand that some places are special to members of their community.

Draw information from a simple map.

Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal.

Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live.

Create own maps using grid paper and symbols (x marks the spot treasure maps)

Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.

Compare and contrast characters from stories throughout the year, including figures from the past.
Explore the nature world around them around them.
Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside.

Expressive Arts and Design



-Colour mixing

-printing
Joining- glue, Sellotape, paper
clip, split pin, staple, hole punch
-observation art

-Collage - Sculpture

- Construction

Poetry Basket – seasonal poems

Charanga Songs:

Things for Fingers

Pat-a-cake
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Once I Caught a Fish
Alive
This Old Man
Five Little Ducks
Name Song

Their Favourite songs- song cards

Develop storylines in their pretend play.

Drawing: Self portrait Sculpture: Artist study – Andy

Goldsworthy

Textiles: Christmas sewing

-Colour mixing -printing Joining- glue, Sellotape, paper

clip, slip pin, staple, hole punch -observation art -Collage

- Sculpture

ConstructionSewing

Poetry Basket – seasonal poems

Charanga Songs:

I'm A Little Teapot
The Grand Old Duke of York
Ring O' Roses
Hickory Dickory Dock
Not Too Difficult
The ABC Song

Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.

Collage: Winter collage Materials: Can you catch the gingerbread man?

-Colour mixing

-printing
Joining- glue, Sellotape, paper
clip, slip pin, staple, hole punch

-observation art

-Collage -Sculpture

- Construction

Poetry Basket – seasonal poems

Charanga Songs:

represent them.

Wind the Bobbin Up Rock-a-bye Baby Five Little Monkeys Jumping on The Bed Twinkle, Twinkle If You're Happy and You Know It

Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes

Return to and build on their
previous learning, refining ideas
and developing their ability to

Materials: Junk modelling

-Colour mixing -printing

Joining- glue, Sellotape, paper clip, slip pin, staple, hole punch

-observation art

-Collage -Sculpture

- Construction

Poetry Basket – seasonal poems

Charanga Songs:

Old Macdonald
Incy Wincy Spider
Baa, Baa Black Sheep
Row, Row, Row Your Boat
The Wheels on The Bus
The Hokey Cokey

Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources, and skills.

Collage: Artist Study – Henry

Matisse

Sculpture: Clay Minibeasts

-Colour mixing -printing

Joining- glue, Sellotape, paper clip, slip pin, staple, hole punch

Poetry Basket - seasonal poems

-observation art

-Collage
-Sculpture
- Construction

Charanga Songs:

Big Bear Funk

Listen attentively, move to, and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.

Painting: Animals

-Colour mixing

-printing
Joining- glue, Sellotape, paper clip,
slip pin, staple, hole punch

-observation art

-Collage

-Sculpture

- Construction

Poetry Basket – seasonal poems

Charanga Songs Reflect, Rewind & Replay:

Big Bear Funk
Baa, Baa Black Sheep
Twinkle, Twinkle
Incy Wincy Spider
Rock-a-bye Baby
Row, Row, Row Your Boat

Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses.

Explore, use, and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings
Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills.
Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.
Singing – well known nursery rhymes, familiar songs and chants.

Regular baking / cooking opportunities.